

AJCC Cancer Staging of laryngeal cancer, 2010

7th Edition

莊俊義

中山醫學大學附設醫院

耳鼻喉科主治醫師

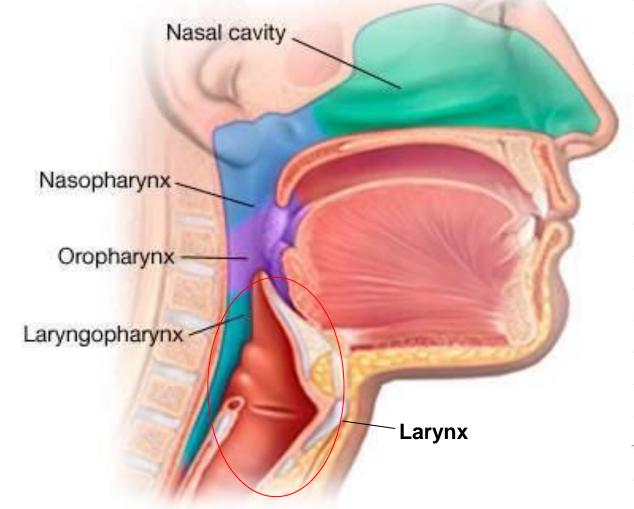
TEL: 04-24739595 分機34812

e mail: cyi4602@yahoo.com.tw

Outline

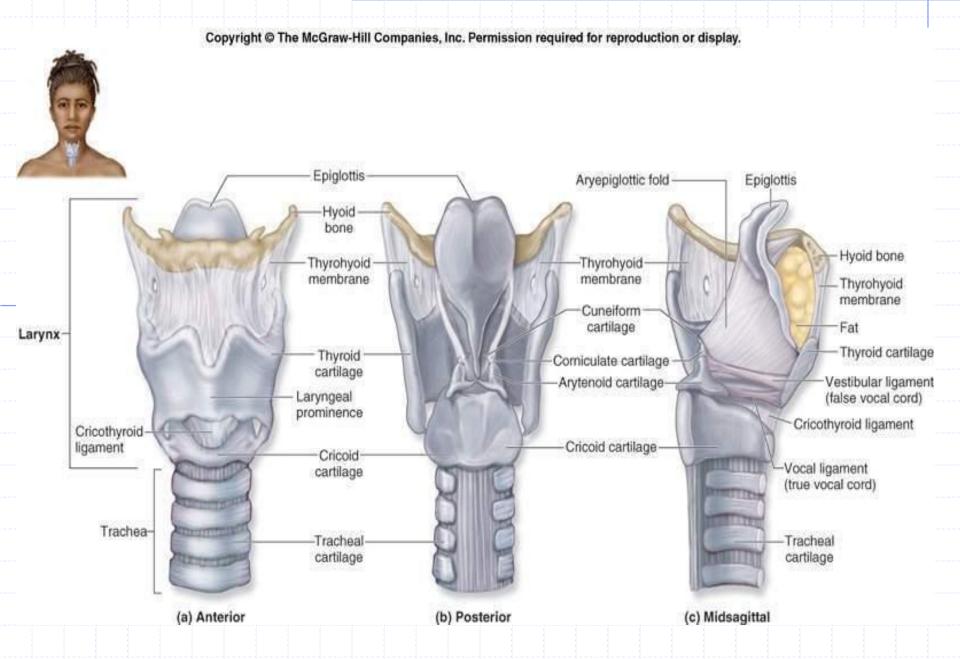
- Anatomy
- General Rules For TNM Staging
- AJCC cancer Staging of Laryngeal Cancer

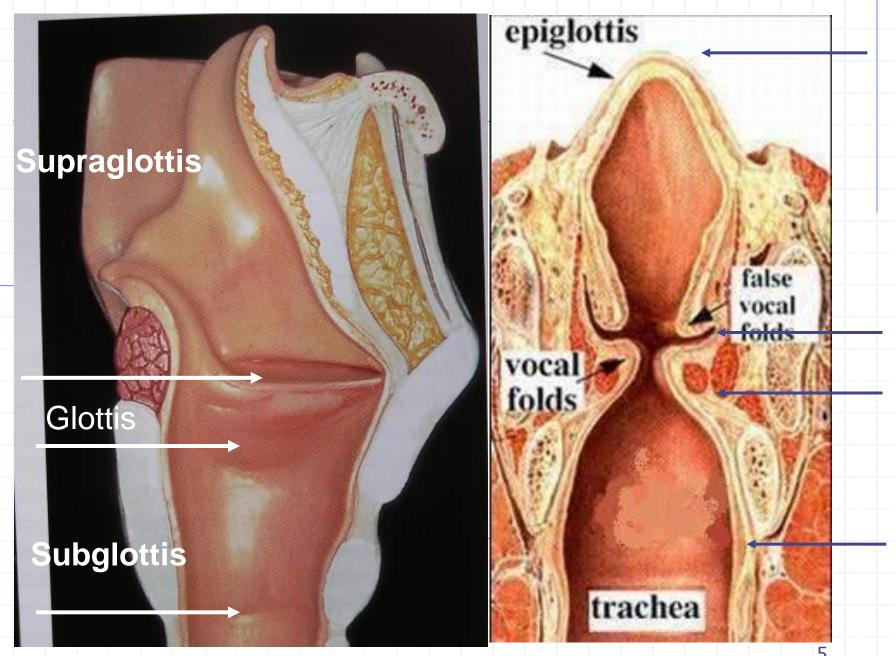
Anatomy



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From: www.ohiohealth.com/mayoimages/images/image_popup/c7_nasopharynx.jpg



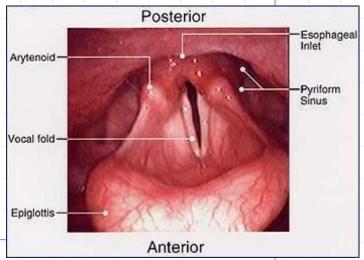


http://www.ling.fju.edu.tw/hearing/anatomy%20of%20the%20larynx.htm

Site	Subsite					
Supraglottis	Suprahyoid epiglottis					
	Infrahyoid epiglottis					
	Aryepiglottic fold (laryngeal aspect)					
	Arytenoids					
	Ventricular bands (false cord)					
Glottis	True vocal cords, including ant. & Posterior commissure					
Subglottis	Subglottis					



From:www.drrahmatorlummc.com/theorop harynxanatomy.htm



From:

www.entandallergy.com/vas/gallerydetails/Norma I-Larynx-swallowing

General Rules For TNM system and Staging

- American Joint Committee on Cancer (AJCC)
- T= the extent of primary tumor
- N= the absence or present of regional lymph node metastasis
- M= the absence or present of distant metastasis

The **7** component is defined by the size or contiguous extension of the primary tumor.

Primary Tumor (T)

T0 No evidence of primary tumor

Tis Carcinoma in situ

T1, T2, T3, T4 Increasing size and/or local extension of

the primary tumor

TX Primary tumor cannot be assessed

(use of TX should be minimized)

The N component is defined by the absence, or presence and extent of cancer in the regional draining lymph nodes.

Nodal involvement is categorized by the number of positive nodes and for certain cancer sites by the involvement of specific regional nodal groups.

Regional Lymph Nodes (N)

No regional lymph node metastases

N1, N2, N3 Increasing number or extent of regional

lymph node involvement

NX Regional lymph nodes cannot be assessed

(use of NX should be minimized)

The **M** component is defined by the absence or presence of distant spread or metastases, generally in locations to which the cancer spread by vascular channels, or by lymphatics beyond the nodes defined as "regional."

Distant Metastasis (M)

M0 No distant metastases

M1 Distant metastases present

Note: The MX designation has been eliminated from the AJCC/UICC TNM system.

Stage Classifications

- cTNM: Clinical stage/pretreatment stage
 Usage for
 Define prognosis and initial therapy
 Population comparisons
- pTNM: Pathologic stage
 Usage for
 Most precise prognosis estimates
 Define subsequent therapy

* ycTNM or ypTNM: Post therapy or postneoadjuvant therapy stage

- * rTNM : Retreatment or recurrence classification
- * aTNM: Autopsy classification

Supraglottis								
T1	Tumor limited to one subsite of supraglottis with normal vocal cord <i>mobility</i>							
T2	Tumor invades mucosa of more than one <i>adjacent subsite</i> of supraglottis or glottis or region outside the supraglottis (e.g., mucosa of <i>base of tongue</i> , vallecula, medial wall of <i>pyriform sinus</i>) without fixation of the larynx							
T3	Tumor limited to larynx with <i>vocal cord fixation</i> and/or invades any of the following: postcricoid area, pre-epiglottic space, paraglottic space, and/or inner cortex of thyroid cartilage							
T4a	Moderately advanced local disease							
	Tumor invades <i>through the thyroid cartilage</i> and/or invades tissues <i>beyond the larynx</i> (e.g., trachea, soft tissues of neck including deep extrinsic muscle of the tongue, strap muscles, thyroid, or esophagus)							
T4b	Very advanced local disease							
	Tumor invades <i>prevertebral space</i> , encases <i>carotid artery</i> , or invades <i>mediastinal</i> structures							

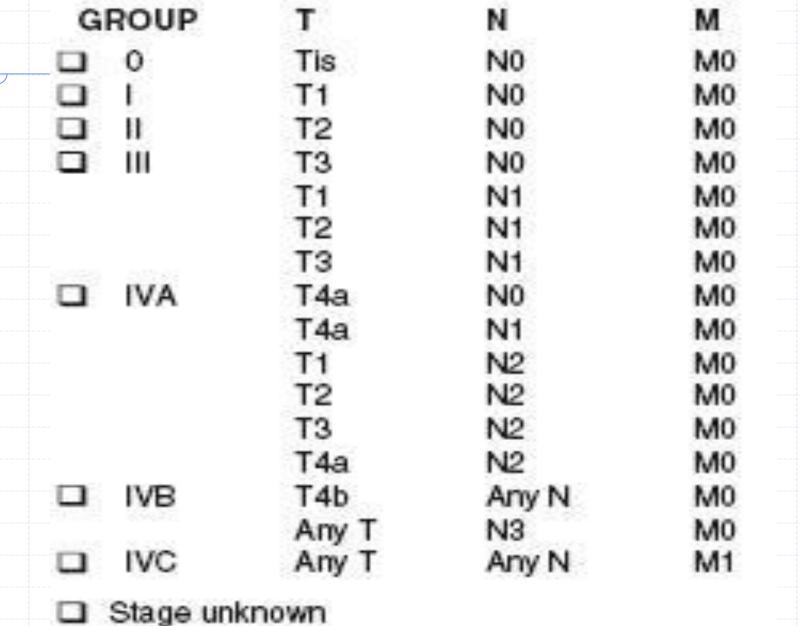
	Glottis								
T1	Tumor limited to the vocal cord(s) (may involve anterior or posterior commissure) with normal mobility								
T1a	Tumor limited to <i>one</i> vocal cord								
T1b	Tumor involves <i>both</i> vocal cords								
T2	Tumor extends to <i>supraglottis</i> and/or <i>subglottis</i> and/or with <i>impaired vocal cord mobility</i>								
T3	Tumor limited to the larynx with <i>vocal cord fixation</i> and/or invasion of <i>paraglottic space</i> and/or <i>inner cortex of the thyroid cartilage</i>								
T4a	Moderately advanced local disease.								
	Tumor invades through the <i>outer cortex of the thyroid cartilage</i> and/or invades tissues <i>beyond the larynx</i> (e.g., trachea, soft tissues of neck including deep extrinsic muscle of the tongue, strap muscles, thyroid, or esophagus)								
T4b	Very advanced local disease								
	Tumor invades <i>prevertebral space</i> , encases <i>carotid artery</i> , or invades <i>mediastinal</i> structures								

Subglottis						
Tumor limited to the subglottis						
Tumor extends to vocal cord(s) with normal or impaired mobility						
Tumor limited to larynx with vocal cord fixation						
Moderately advanced local disease						
Tumor invades cricoid or thyroid cartilage and/or invades tissues <i>beyond the larynx</i> (e.g., trachea, soft tissues of neck including <i>deep extrinsic muscles of the tongue</i> , <i>strap muscles</i> , <i>thyroid</i> , <i>or esophagus</i>)						
Very advanced local disease						
Tumor invades <i>prevertebral space</i> , encases carotid artery , or invades <i>mediastinal</i> structures						

NX	Regional lymph nodes cannot be assessed
NO	No regional lymph node metastasis
N1	Metastasis in a single ipsilateral lymph node, ≤3 cm in greatest dimension
N2	Metastasis in a single ipsilateral lymph node, >3 cm but ≤6 cm in greatest dimension
	Metastases in multiple ipsilateral lymph nodes, none >6 cm in greatest dimension
	Metastases in bilateral or contralateral lymph nodes, none >6 cm in greatest dimension
N2a	Metastasis in a <i>single ipsilateral</i> lymph node, <i>>3 cm but ≤6 cm</i> in greatest dimension
N2b	Metastases in <i>multiple ipsilateral</i> lymph nodes, <i>none >6 cm</i> in greatest dimension
N2c	Metastases in <i>bilateral</i> or <i>contralateral</i> lymph nodes, <i>none >6 cm</i> in greatest dimension
N3	Metastasis in a lymph node, >6 cm in greatest dimension
*Nc	te: Metastases at level VII are considered regional lymph node metastases.

THE MALK VISION -														
M0	No distant metastasis							X			X X X		K K	
IVIU	NO distant metastasis												X X X	
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M1	Distant metastasis												X X X	
													Ř K K	
			(X X X			X X X		X X X	
	-													

Staging group



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